THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Full Weather—August 30

Sun Rises	5 29 A M
Sun Sets	6.31 A M
Day's Length	13 h 2 m
High Water at Southport	4.21 P M
High Water at Wilmington	6.08 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., Aug. 30

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 92°; minimum, 72°; mean 88°.

Rainfall for the day .03; rainfall for the month up to date, 5.79

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, generally fair; cooler in western portions, followed by cooler in the evening or night; winds becoming northwest or west.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Rainfall at St. Matthews, S. C., yesterday was 2.50 inches; at Cordele, Ga., 1.70; Waycross, Ga., 1.50. Very light rains at Wilmington and Charlotte, and no rain elsewhere in the Wilmington district. The maximum temperature here yesterday was 92 degrees; the same at Goldsboro, Lumberton and Raleigh; at Weldon and Newbern 94.

OUTLINES.

Hon. Matt W. Ransom took the oath of office yesterday and will leave for Mexico in a week or two. —— H. Curns, a merchant of Charlestown, W. Va., has been arrested for forgery. —— The Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record* reports new enterprises under way in various places in the South. —— The bond syndicate has increased the gold reserve, which now stands at $101,700,000 —— The trial trip of the battle ship Texas will take place about September 6th. —— Acting Secretary Adee, of the State Department, had a long conference with the Chinese Minister yesterday in relation to the Kucheng massacre. —— At the pacing race at Fleetwood Park, yesterday, Robert J. won, beating Joe Patchen, Gentry and Mascott. —— A special election is to be held in the Tenth Congressional District of Georgia to decide whether Major J. C. C. Black was fairly elected last November, fraud having been charged by his competitor, Tom Watson. —— Earthquake shocks caused widespread terror in Mexican towns. —— It is rumored that President Cleveland has offered the vacant Judgeship on the U. S. Supreme Court bench to ex-Postmaster-General Bissell. —— William Larue Thomas, of Kentucky, was elected Grand Master of the Grand Encampment of Knights Templar, and Pittsburg was selected as the place for the next conclave. —— Representatives of Southern fertilizer manufacturing concerns are in session at Asheville. —— A sensational shooting affair occurred in Atlanta between two brothers-in-law; one of the parties was wounded, but not seriously. —— Billy Dake and Frank Wongo fight a ten-round contest in Norfolk; the contest decided a draw. —— A negro convention has been called to meet in Raleigh on September 11th, to give expression to their desires. —— New York market reports: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1; cotton steady —middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 3-16c; Southern flour was dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.00@2.70; good to choice $2.80@3.00; wheat fairly active and firmer, with options—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66c; afloat 67c; corn dull and easier—No. 2 at elevator 42½c; afloat 43½c; spirits turpentine dull, with light supply; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

A contemporary asks why some men are poor and others rich. There are several reasons, one of which is that there isn't money enough to go 'round.

Following the example of North Carolina, Mississippi now works her convicts on a State farm of 10,000 acres, from which she netted last year $50,000.

Secretary Olney proposes to stand by the Monroe doctrine and carry out a vigorous foreign policy. That's right. We ought to stand by that doctrine or abandon it.

A gold standard contemporary has something to say about "the selfish interest in silver." It has never occurred to it, we suppose, that there may be anything selfish in gold.

Much ado is being made over Boston's hospitality to the visiting Knights Templar. We are told how much wine, &c., was given them but not a word is said about beans.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 133. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,840

Kaiser William, of Germany, has just ordered the release of a soldier who was sentenced to six months imprisonment for accidently killing an army horse. He found on enquiry that the man was a good soldier, and the horse nothing to brag of, whereupon he ordered his release, the reason given being that "in this case the man is worth more than the horse to me." The presumption is that if the man had not been worth more to the Kaiser than the horse, justice or clemency wouldn't have figured in the case and the man would have been left to serve out his sentence. In the eyes of the Kaiser the estimate in which the man is held over the horse is gauged by his value to the Kaiser.

It isn't safe always to conclude that there is no fight in a preacher, simply because his calling is one of peace. The Cincinnati rough who under the influence of too much red-eye took umbrage at something the preacher said last Sunday and walked up to the pulpit to chastise him discovered his mistake when the aforesaid preacher lit into him and pummelled him so that he had to be hauled to the hospital for repairs, after which services were concluded in the usual way.

A flock of New Jersey geese a few days ago attacked a young woman who was riding a bicycle, and was dressed in bloomers. These geese probably felt as proud of their achievement as some of the gentlemen who are indulging in so much goosey cackling about the bicycle woman.

Some of the Georgia papers want to make the carrying of concealed weapons a felony instead of a misdemeanor, and declare that the fellow who is convicted of this felony should do service in the chain gang, or in some other manual labor for the benefit of the community.

One of the meanest inventions lately reported is an india rubber angle worm. A man who would perpetrate such a fraud as that on an unsuspecting fish, would steal fish from his neighbor's catch and display the plunder as a trophy of his own skill.

A Little Rock, Ark., judge deliberately affirms that "women have a constitutional and a God-given right to ride a bicycle," which carries with it the right to wear garments that will not get tangled up in the wheels and increase the laundry bill.

The Boston Judge who sentenced an Italian to ten years in the penitentiary for making too free use of his pistol, took a queer way of encouraging the Italian to abandon the stiletto and adopt the American hip-pocket equipment.

According to the Louisville *Courier-Journal* old Kaintuck comes humping along with a record of forty-eight murders since July 1st. It might have waited a day and got the even fifty.

A New Jersey electrician claims to have discovered the true inwardness of the firefly, and thinks that he can furnish light without heat. Then the fellow who carries his light under a bushel can carry it in his vest pocket.

Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, boasted in his speeches in his gubernatorial campaign that he had voted seven times for free silver. He was politically more honest then than he is now.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

B. F. KEITH—Mullets.
BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Furnished room and board

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— October cotton closed at 8.04 in New York yesterday.

— There was 5.6 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Wednesday at 8 a. m.; a rise of 0.6 of a foot in 24 hours.

— The local weather bureau says the indications yesterday were for generally fair weather in this vicinity to-day and to-morrow.

— Lloyd Russell, the colored youth who fell from one of the city carts last Monday and was badly hurt, died Wednesday night last from his injuries.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

— Messrs. J. H. and B. O. Stone have opened a produce and commission house at No. 4 North Water street, under the firm name of J. H. Stone & Co. These young men are sons of Mr. W. H. Stone, one of the most prominent and highly esteemed citizens of Brunswick.

— The Charlotte people claim that the census now being taken there will show a population of about 18,000. And it looks that way, as Ward 4 has 4,500 people, and Ward 2 has 4,508. There are two more Wards that have not yet reported, and these will probably swell the aggregate to $18,000.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. M. Solky is in New York on a business visit.

— Dr. F. A. Arthur, of Harrell's Store, is in the city.

— Rev. Dr. Mendelsohn was in Charlotte yesterday.

— Mr. J. M. Smith, of Rockingham, is here on business.

— Miss Annie Taylor is visiting Miss Lilly Slocum at Fayettsville.

— Mr. S. L. Alderman, of Greensboro, is spending a few days with friends in the city.

— Mrs. Bitting and Miss Bitting, of Mount Airy, and Miss Peyton, of Greensboro, are in the city.

— Mr. T. P. Ricaud, Jr., wife and children, of South Carolina, are here on a visit to Rev. T. Page Ricaud.

— Mr. John E. Tilley has returned from Jacksonville, N. C., where he has been engaged in business.

— Messrs. D. M. Holt and D. C. Riggins, of Burlington, N. C., were among the visitors here yesterday.

— Mr. J. Hicks Bunting has gone to Boston, New York and Philadelphia on business and pleasure combined.

— Mr. W. D. Wooten, of Prong, and Miss Kate Tait and Miss Wooten, of Bladenboro, are in the city on a visit.

— Col. John A. McDowell, of Bladen, one of the Daily "STAR'S original panel," is in the city and is stopping at the Purcell.

— Mr. M. Heiskell-Gouvernour and Mr. J. B. Skelding left yesterday for Western North Carolina and Columbia, S. C., on a business visit.

— Mr. and Mrs. Frank McNeill, who have come to Wilmington to make it their home, are stopping with Mr. Edward Lilly, Southeast corner of Filth and Dock streets.

— Clinton *Democrat*: "Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Slocum, of Wilmington, were here on a visit to relatives last week. Mr. Slocum's numerous friends here are glad to hear of his business success in Wilmington."

— Miss Nellie Plummer is visiting Miss Freeman at Lumberton, and Mrs. Mildred Radcliffe is visiting Miss Jennie Pittman at the same place. Mrs. Annie Leggett is also visiting her daughter there, Mrs. F. I. Bond.

— Messrs. R. McDougall, Columbia; J. E. Anderson, Faison; F. H. Short, Murray Short, J. W. Thackston, Raleigh; W. H. Pyke, Southport; W. G. Burkhead, H. U. Butters, H. B. Short, North Carolina; W. C. Mikell, Columbia; D. M. Millsaps, Lumberton, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Magistrate's Court.

Scott Wade, a colored man, and Mr. J. J. Ward and Mr. J. G. Monroe, were tried in Justice Bunting's court yesterday for engaging in an affray. The cause of the affray was some insulting remark made by Wade to Mr. Ward. Mr. Monroe attempted to separate the combatants. During the fight Mr. Ward threw a weight at Wade, but it did not hit him. The Magistrate discharged Mr. Monroe, fined Wade $5.00 and bound Mr. Ward over to the Superior Court for assault with a deadly weapon. Wade afterwards took an appeal to the Superior Court and was required to give bond in the sum of $25.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided in the City Court yesterday.

Thomas Watters, a colored boy, charged with entering coaches on the Seacoast railroad and annoying passengers, was ordered to be locked up until his mother should come and chastise him. Watters is said to be one of a number of negro boys who board incoming trains on the Seacoast railroad, and passing rapidly through the cars snatch up umbrellas, handbags and anything of value within reach and springing off, mingle in the crowd and make good their escape.

Dancing at Hilton Park.

A large number of excursionists and others visited Hilton park last night to take in the dancing, which was kept up until 11 o'clock. A string band furnished the music.

To-day the Street Car Company will give another dance, and a band of music will also be part of the programme for an open air concert.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.

About 2 p. m. yesterday a colored man employed by the Cape Fear Lumber Co., in raising sunken logs, missed his footing and fell overboard. Not being able to swim he immediately sank, and but for the prompt assistance of companions, who fortunately came to his rescue, he would have drowned, as he was almost exhausted when pulled out.

Blackfish Excursion.

The fishermen who went out to the Blackfish grounds Wednesday night returned yesterday afternoon about three o'clock. They say they had fine sport, although the fish did not bite as well as it was expected they would. There were thirty-five in the party and they brought back a total of about 1,200 fish.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Reduced Rates to Chattanooga.

On account of the dedication of the military park at that point, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to Chattanooga and return at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $11.35.

QUICKSTEPS VS. BLACKSTOCKINGS.

Game at Hilton Park Yesterday Afternoon —Won by the Blackstockings—About Five Hundred Spectators Present—Another Game This Afternoon.

About five hundred spectators visited Hilton Park yesterday afternoon to witness the first of the series of three games between the Blackstockings, of this city, and the Quicksteps, of Charlotte, (colored teams) for $100 in gold, offered by the Street Railway Co. Both teams went to Hilton Park early, so as to get in as much practice as possible before the game, as both are eager to win. At 4 o'clock the game was called by Mr. W. P. Oldham, Jr., who was umpire, with Mr. Albert Prempert as official scorer. The Quicksteps went to the bat first, and at the close of the fourth inning the score stood 4 to 4; but Charlotte's pitcher (Daniels) was tired out and lost control of the ball, it seeming almost impossible for him to strike a man out. The result of this was that in the fifth inning Wilmington made 9 runs, while Charlotte made but 1. This made the score 18 to 5 at the end of the sixth inning. Charlotte then placed Pharr, her left-handed wonder, in the box. The home team failed to score afterwards, and the result of the game was 18 to 9 in favor of the Blackstockings.

Addison's pitching and Trilby's catching for the home boys was above the average. Gause at second and Phillips at short knew their business, but the coaching and captaining of Schenck was what captured the grand stand.

The following is a summary: Charlotte—five two-base hits, nine singles, ten errors. Wilmington—one two-base hit, ten singles, five errors, struck out by Wilmington seven, by Charlotte seven.

TO BUILD RACE TRACKS.

Citizens Interested in the Scheme—Meetings to be Held to Organize and Push the Work.

A number of citizens, among them several merchants and "sports," have joined hands, and will hold a meeting next week for the purpose of organizing a stock company to build two asphalt race tracks (one for horses and the other for bicycles) and a base ball diamond. The Carolina Cycle Club will make the first move by holding a meeting to appropriate a sum from the club funds and agree to raise so much stock, with the hope of having a track built, which will cause Northern racers to come here and train during the Winter months. Those interested in horses and horse racing will then meet to perfect their arrangements and subscribe stock. The base ball cranks have already collected some funds which with what can be secured later, will be aded to this fund. Afterward a combined meeting will be held, probably next Friday night, which will decide on the amount per share and appoint committees on subscription who will make a thorough canvass of the town, and decide where the tracks shall be built. It is the aim of those interested to make these grounds and tracks the finest in the State, and equal to any in the South.

Yesterday a meeting of a committee from the horsemen, cyclists and base ballist met and decided to get right to work and get facts and figures to place before the various meetings to be held to perfect the arrangements. Some financial backing has been promised and in large amounts.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

What a Prominent and Popular Democrat Thinks of the Situation.

Col. John A. McDowell, as gallant a Confederate officer as ever unsheathed sword, and who was desperately wounded in one of the series of battles around Richmond, was in the city yesterday.

As Col. McDowell is one of the best known and most popular Democrats in this section of the State, a STAR representative asked him what he thought of the political situation in North Carolina. He said he was greatly interested in the matter, but that he saw no hope for success in North Carolina next year unless the National Democratic platform favored the free coinage of silver. He did not believe that the incorporation of that principle in the State platform alone would be sufficient; but that with both platforms for free silver he thought the Democrats would carry the State and elect their National ticket also.

Col. McDowell says the feeling throughout the country districts in favor of free silver is intense; that the Democrats of his own county (Bladen) are almost unanimous for it, and that he believes this to be true also of adjoining counties.

Col. McDowell is apprehensive that if the National Democratic Convention fail to endorse the free coinage of silver, a free silver Presidential ticket will be placed in the field and that it will be supported by thousands of Democrats who have never before voted any other than the Democratic ticket.

From the Seaside.

The water pipe from the artesian well at the Hammocks to the Chadbourn cottage on Ocean View—one mile and a half—was connected with a ten-thousand gallon tank at the latter place yesterday and the water turned on.

The "Seagulls" of Masonboro, Capt. E. A. Orrell, and the "Seabreeze" of Greenville Sound, Capt. J. L. Rogers, played ball at Greenville yesterday. Score 13 to 12. They will play off the tie next week.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Bone, P. E.

Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1

Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8

Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15

Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

A SILVER CONFERENCE

OF PROMINENT MEN IN THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Suit For Damages Against the Seaboard Air Line — Freight Train Wrecked — The Arrington Investigating Committee —Tobacco Breaks—Schools Opening Up.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, August 29.

There will be a conference of prominent silver men in the Democratic party here to-day. It is said that those who are present happened in the city, and that it is no preconcerted arrangement for a meeting. Senator Jarvis rolled in the city this morning from the West. Ashely Horne came during the day. Editor W. C. Dowd, of the Charlotte *News*, Editor London, Chatham *Record*, Congressman Lockheart, came in on the noon train. Capt. Day and Ed. Chambers Smith, Mayor Russ and others are in the Yarborough chatting. The conference will probably occur late on the evening. Others may come in on the trains from the East, North and West. Mr. Josephus Daniels, of the *News and Observer*, Mr. Greek O. Andrews, of the *Press-Visitor*, and others have been invited.

Mr. Abe Morris, who runs a clothing store on Wilmington street, has retained the services of Col. T. M. Argo in a suit against the Seaboard Air Line. Mr. Morris has just returned from New York. On the return trip between Washington and Georgetown, while passing under a tunnel, a flying object struck the window of the smoking car on the vestibule, breaking out several window panes and severely injuring Mr. Morris' arm. Mr. Morris says his elbow was resting on the sash at the time of the accident. His arm was fractured and badly bruised, which he claims necessitated his taking to bed. The amount of damage which he claims is not known.

The vestibule on the Seaboard train from Washington was delayed four hours this morning on account of a wreck about 20 miles beyond Raleigh. It seems from what can be "caught flying around" that a freight train broke loose and that the rear section overtook the front section, crushing into it with tremendous force. Cars were derailed and wreckage piled up in a big mass. It is not learned whether any one was injured. The wreck was not cleared from the track in time for the vestibule to pass and a transfer was made.

Dr. Wm. Simpson, President of the National Pharmaceutical Association, Mr. J. Y. McRae and Mr. M. T. Leach, who have been to Denver where the Association was in session, have returned to the city.

"Little Billie" Bryan, member of the Arrington Investigation Committee, arrived in the city to-day to meet with the tribunal. As on yesterday, the committee failed to connect. The whole thing is a ridiculous farce. Old man Campbell's friends should take him away. He has gone to drinking again.

The lease of the N. C. Railroad to the Southern was recorded to-day in the Register of Deeds office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and consists of nine large pages, 14,000 words in all.

Royall & Borden will open a new furniture store here soon.

Good breaks continue at the tobacco warehouses.

Mr. Ernest Martin, of this city, an employe of the S. A. L., and Miss Cade, of Franklinton, daughter of Rev. Baylus Cade, will be married September 10th.

Within a week all the schools will be opening up. The prospect for attendance at all the schools and colleges is given out as very high.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

It was practically agreed by the Democratic silverites present at the meeting here to hold a convention in accordance with the call recently issued. There was some opposition, but it was overcome. It was decided not to appoint a National committeeman until after the convention meets. Probably about October first.

Third Vice President Baldwin, of the Southern Railway, in company with several officials, came here to-day on a special train. They made a quick trip to Selma, carrying Col. Andrews. It was given out that the officers were on a tour of inspection.

The Arrington committee met this afternoon. The sheriff of Nash county was examined. There were no important developments.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R.R.—3 casks spirits turpentine, 28 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—54 casks spirits turpentine, 311 bbls rosin, 131 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—91 casks spirits turpentine, 265 bbls rosin, 39 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—48 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—25 casks spirits turpentine, 119 bbls rosin, 129 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—10 bbls rosin, 36 bbls tar.

Flats and rafts—8 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 636 bbls rosin, 57 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 8 bales; spirits turpentine, 239 casks; rosin, 1480 bbls; tar, 892 bbls; crude turpentine, 44 bbls.

A Desirable Acquisition.

The people of Wilmington welcome to their borders Mr. Frank McNeill, a talented lawyer who has removed here for the practice of his profession. He is well known in this section, having been Solicitor of the Seventh Judicial District a number of years, and having been prominent as a civil practitioner in many counties of our Congressional District. Mr. McNeill has opened an office in the Smith building on Princess street.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LARGE TRADE INDICATED.

Business Men in New York Predict a Heavy Fall Trade—Some Even Talk About a Genuine Boom.

The New York *Herald* of Monday prints the opinions of several business men in that city concerning the outlook for a prosperous Fall trade.

While some of the gentlemen interviewed do not consider the prospects as exceptionally bright, they all say that there is no longer any danger of a return of hard times, and several believe that the conditions are favorable for a genuine "boom."

One noticeable feature is the statement that the number of clerks and assistants in some of the retail houses is already as large as it usually is in October. Such an early opening of the campaign is an important indication of the probable course of business, for the fact that buyers are already in the markets six weeks before the usual time shows that the active season will be spread out over a longer period that in recent years.

There is little room to doubt that, aside from any buying that may be due to a more cheerful feeling than that which has prevailed for several years, there is one reason why a large increase of business this Fall is inevitable. People have economized for two or three years and have made their old things last as long as possible. The natural result has been to leave consumers with wornout stocks of all kinds of manufactured goods. Merely to replenish the actual waste of one year causes a large increase in trade every Autumn; but now we are practically making up for the wear and tear of three years.

Besides this necessity, a healthy growth of public confidence is a contributing cause of renewed business activity. The approach of better times is felt to be in the air. It is so universal that—to use an old illustration—it gathers force as a snowball gathers snow as it rolls. This is a sentimental reason, of course, but it is none the less potent on that account. Facts are rarely as powerful as sentiment, because their effect may be interpreted in many ways; but when a community once becomes imbued with a belief that prosperity is coming there are few who reason out the result. The majority hasten its advance by taking it for granted.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Southern fruits: Peaches in moderate supply and steady, but the demand is less active. The demand for watermelons is light and entirely for fine large ones. Sweet potatoes weaker on large receipts. Grapes—Virginia, per basket, 14 to 18c; do Maryland and Delaware, case, 60 to 75c. Peaches, per carrier $1 00 to 2 50; per basket, 40c to $1 25. Watermelons $5 to $15; carloads $75 to 150. Huckleberries—Maryland and Delaware, per quart, 6 to 8c. Sweet potatoes, per bushel, $1 75 to 2 00.

Entertained at Charlotte.

The desire of the Wilmington wheelmen to go to Charlotte again is very natural. In addition to what has appeared in the STAR heretofore, the *Observer* has this:

"Miss Grace Ahrens entertained the Wilmington boys Tuesday at an afternoon tea.

"Miss Mary Armand Nash had several of the Wilmington boys to tea with her the same evening.

"Miss Mary Steele gave the young gentlemen a tea Monday night. They left Charlotte in love with her and especially her pretty girls."

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Base Ball.

The second of the series of three games for $100 will be played to-day, 4 p. m. sharp, at Hilton Park.
aug 29 tf

Mullets, Mullets.

JUST IN LARGE CONSIGNMENT NEW catch Mullets. Also Flours, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Baking Powders, &c. Specialties—Cheese, Cakes, Crackers, Smoked Herrings, &c. Prices cheerfully given.
B. F. KEITH,
aug 30 tf 130 North Front street.

Removal.

The Office of W. M. CUMMING, Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, and of the Mechanics' Home Association, is being removed half square east from old stand to No. 125 Princess street, to office formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Wood, the Sewing Machine Agent—next door to Mr. Plummer's Candy and Fruit Store. aug 27 tf

Executor's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTORS OF the last will and testament of Isabella J. Freeman, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment of same. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same on or before the 16th day of August A. D., 1896, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. Claims against the estate can be left with our attorneys, Messrs. Ricaud & Weill, and all payments by those indebted to the estate can be made to our said attorneys.
This 15th day of August, 1895.
E. MANN,
W. R. PIGFORD,
Executors of the last will and testament of Isabella T. Freeman. fr aug 15 6w

Residents on the Sound and Beach

Will find it to their interest to telephone

James D. Nutt,

The Druggist, No. 150, when in need of anything in his line.

Message and carriage free. Registered Pharmacist in attendance at all times. aug 27 tf.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr, Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,968	$20,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,600	15,000	13,500
Deposits,.....	333,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.

For Sale at

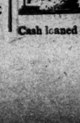
Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Bagging and Ties.

JUTE BAGGING, different weight.
CALCUTTA BAGGING.
SUGAR BAY BAGGING (very cheap.)
NEW ARROW and PIECED TIES.
Call or write for prices before buying.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
aug 29 D&W tf

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. aug 21 tf

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Popular Place.

"The Prettiest Store Room in the State."

Elegance and Comfort.

"STEAM HEAT AND PASSENGER ELEVATOR, DELIGHTFUL!"

"You Will Have the Best. It's Your Way."

"IT WILL BE A PLEASURE TO VISIT A STORE LIKE THAT."

The above are remarks made by prominent Ladies of this city about our

NEW STORE,

No. 29 North Front St.

SPECIALS IN

DryGoods

THIS WEEK.

Hundreds of Bargains, stylish, useful and pretty are here. Tap our stock when you will, it's rich in value to the purchaser.

Read These Items.

Carbolic Soap 5c cake, worth 10c.

100 yards Veiling 10c per yard, worth 35c.

Gent's Suspenders 35c, worth 50 and 75c.

Gent's Tecks only 10c, worth 25c.

500 yards Lace 5c a yard.

10,000 yards Crash 3c a yard.

Silk Belts 10c, worth 50c.

Pearl Buttons 25c a dozen, worth 50 cents.

Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.

Rick Rack Braid in 24 yard pieces, only 5c a bunch.

Wash Silks reduced to 25c a yard.

Good Machine Spool Cotton two spools for 5c.

New line Percales and Calicos just received.

Sole Agentf for Onyx, Smith & Angels's Black Hosiery.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
aug 25 tf

Trunks and Valises.

Big Stock just received. Prices lower than ever.

Zinc Covered Trunks 75c and upward.

Patent Wall Trunks $4.65.

Travelling Bags 40c and upwards.

Telescopes 75c and upward.

Large Leather Valises $1.98.

Remember big Bargains in

CLOTHING

and lots of other goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'s,

Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $5.
Phone 118. aug 25 tf

Young Printer Wanted.

A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADvanced, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two-Thirder," if well recommended, by applying at the STAR OFFICE.
aug 14 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5 00 per year, $2 50 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 30, 1895

PEGGING AWAY AT THE GREENBACK.

Mr. James H. Eckels, Comptroller of the Treasury, was in New York the other day on his way to Europe. While there he was interviewed on the subject of Mr. Benedict's recent deliverences on retiring the greenback or getting rid of the "pump" as he calls it. Mr. Eckels endorsed the views of Mr. Benedict, and his plan for retiring the greenbacks, which is substituting for them interest bearing Treasury certificates. He supplements his endorsement with the statement that the greenbacks are a costly kind of money. We give his language as follows:

"Mr. Benedict is right. The greenback should be retired permanently, and a system planned by which the burden of the issuance and circulation of notes be borne by the bank. What right has the Government to be in the banking business? It is contended that the greenbacks represent a non-interest-bearing debt. But the cost of the issuance of greenbacks, which cannot be permanently cancelled, but only destroyed to be again renewed, is enormous. I do not pretend to say, off hand, just how much the greenback system costs the Government, but it is a large sum.

"This requirement of cancellation and re-issuance is what necessitates these bond issues. Our system, you know, makes greenbacks redeemable in gold or silver. This is what keeps the gold reserve down and depletes our Treasury.

"I don't look for any legislation in this direction at the next session of Congress. A Presidential election is near, and I am afraid that Congress will be mostly concerned with creating issues."

And hereby hangs a tale, but before referring to the tale it may be incidentally remarked that ever since Mr. Eckels has been in office he has been in thorough accord with the gold standard combinations, and has lent the weight and influence of his office, whatever that may be, to carrying out their schemes. He has no more use for silver than Secretary Morton has, and Secretary Morton classes it with pot metal.

The law requiring the re-issuing of the greenbacks was passed to prevent the dangerous contraction of the currency which the money-manipulators were engaged in. It was never contemplated when the specie resumption act was passed that the greenbacks would be redeemed in gold and gold only, for the Stanley Mathews resolution which in 1878 passed both Houses of Congress by a practically unanimous vote, declared that all the obligations of the Government were redeemable in silver and that resolution stood unrepealed as the law of the land. Mr. Sherman established his gold reserve and issued bonds to do it without authority of law, but under a general law providing for emergencies which he construed to suit himself, as it is now being construed to warrant the issuing of bonds for the same purpose.

The greenbacks were never made redeemable in gold by any law, but in "coin," and in such coin as the Government saw fit to pay. Originally they were redeemable in nothing, and it is very doubtful if, when they were issued, the Government ever expected to redeem them. But they were afterwards made redeemable in "coin," but not in gold alone.

In the extract which we quote from Mr. Eckels' interview he admits that under the law the greenbacks are "redeemable in gold or silver." Why, then, are they not redeemed in accordance with law? Why is the Stanley Mathews resolution which declares all redeemable paper of the Government redeemable in silver coin ignored? Why is the resumption act which declares its obligations payable in "coin" ignored? Why is the provision of the Sherman law authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem the Sherman purchase notes in coin, at his option, practically ignored, by the refusal of the Secretary to exercise any option and delegating that option to the holders of notes presented for redemption? We had no trouble with greenbacks, or with the gold reserve until the Secretaries ignored silver and adopted the course of paying out gold under the pretence that they were doing it to "maintain the parity between gold and silver" when they didn't have a dollar of gold except what they borrowed and paid interest for, when the Treasury vaults were filled with silver which was good and lawful money, good for the non-bond holding citizen, but which was left untouched and to accumulate, because the Secretaries thought if they offered it to the bond holders or note holders it would be construed as an indication of financial weakness and the credit of the Government would suffer in the estimation of the bond holders and note holders.

If the Secretaries of the Treasury had stood upon the law and paid the same deference to it that they did and do to the wishes of the favored class of creditors, we would never have heard of any runs on the Treasury by gold grabbers; the greenback would never have become a "pump" to drain the Treasury, and there would be no occasion for appealing to syndicates for gold to keep up an unnecessary gold reserve, nor for depending upon a syndicate to fill up the gaps that the gold raiders make

If embarrassment has arisen from the law requiring the re-issuing of the greenbacks which get into the Treasury it is not the fault of the law nor of the greenback, but of the arbitrary course pursued by those who are in charge of our finances in evading and ignoring the law and in their unwarranted discrimination against the silver dollar, which is as much lawful money of the United States as the gold dollar, which the goldites now insist is the only good dollar. Between stupid blundering and open violation of the law the Treasury of the United States has been put in a pretty fix.

MINOR MENTION.

Massachusetts has the reputation of being, and probably is, one of the most prosperous States in the Union. Its people are a very thrifty people, as the statements of their deposits in savings and other banks show, but for all that there is something the matter with Massachusetts. The census figures show that in ten years 143 towns in the State have lost in population, while 43 others show each a gain of only ten a year within that time. This gain is so trifling as to be scarcely considered a gain. These embrace nearly two-thirds of the towns in the State. This loss has been caused either by emigration from the State, or by moving into the larger towns and cities, but the fact attests a condition of unrest indicative of anything but prosperity. People who are doing reasonably well are generally pretty well contented and have little disposition to be pulling up stakes to try their fortunes elsewhere. If this unrest were peculiar to that State it might be attributed to local causes, poor soil, unhealthfulness, or something else which couldn't be well prevented or remedied, but it is not, for the same condition prevails in other States and the same movement has been going on from the rural districts and the small towns to the larger towns and cities, where the industries center and the wealth accumulates under the centralizing processes of these days. And yet we are told that the country is steadily prospering when thousands upon thousands of people who have become despondent over the hopeless struggle have abandoned their homes and turned their faces to the cities with the hope of standing a better chance to earn their daily bread. The methods and policy which render life in the rural districts intolerable are bad methods and policies.

***

Instead of a monkey and parrot affair, as had been anticipated and predicted by some, the Pennsylvania Republican Convention which met at Harrisburg, Wednesday, turned out to be a love-feast, in which the fellows who were so nicely walloped by the Quay crowd, came up smilingly and yelled as vociferously for the victors as the victors themselves did. This settles the factional fight, makes Quay boss of the machine and makes the Keystone State solid for the man whom Quay favors for the Presidency. It was a grand victory for Quay, who fought a powerful combine which embraced nearly all the leading officials of the State and the machine, including the Governor, and removes any doubt that there may have been as to his masterly ability as a planner, organizer and fighter. To people outside of the State the chief interest hinges on the financial plank in the platform adopted, which is a re-affirmation of the plank in the national platform of 1892, with, however, the significant addition of a declaration against "the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the arbitrary ratio of 16 to 1." In as much as the re-affirmation of the plank of 1892 covers the ground this supplemental declaration is susceptible of the construction that its framers might be in favor of a limited coinage on some other ratio that would not be deemed arbitrary. Of course it amounts to nothing more than a clever device to pull the wool over the eyes of silver men who are not sticklers for "free and unlimited coinage" on the 16 to 1 ratio, and leaves a door open that may be found convenient between now and the time of the meeting of the next Republican National Convention.

***

Some of the so-called Democratic leaders and organs, with a lack of gumption which is truly amazing, seem to be doing all they can to drive the Democratic party on to a single gold standard platform, and never fail when an announcement comes from Europe that the prospects of an international conference are growing less to make some forcible remarks on the "delusion and snare," at the same time hypocritically pretending that they would favor bimetallism if that "delusion and snare" could materialize. Has any one ever heard a Republican leader or a Republican organ, however much they may be wedded to the gold standard, crowing over the prospective failure of international agreement? They have a little too much lead-mule sense for that, and are not giving the friends of silver within their party lines to understand that they need never hope to see anything done for silver by that party. They are, on the contrary, encouraging that hope, and even John Sherman, strong gold man as he is, was astute politician enough to have a clause inserted in the Ohio platform pledging the Republican party, if returned to power, to use its best endeavors to secure an international conference, with a view of restoring silver as a money metal.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Governor O'Ferrall is in favor not only of discriminating against silver at the United States mints, but of retiring the greenbacks. This is logical. No man who argues the currency question from the standpoint of "intrinsic value" can advocate anything else.—*Lynchburg News, Dem.*

—— If Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, had written his goldbug letter for publication before the nominating convention met, he would never have been an occupant of the Governor's mansion, any more than our own Judge Lawson, similarly circumstanced, would have been drawing pay as a Congressman-elect. It is just such Democrats as these that cripple Democracy.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Campbell's candidacy for Governor of Ohio will probably end in defeat. In 1894 the Democratic vote of Ohio was over 75,000 less than it was the year before, and it is estimated that 100,000 Democrats failed to vote last year. Should they vote this year Campbell may be elected; but it is not safe to wager money that he will win.—*Knoxville Tribune, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Wilkesboro *News*: Probably the price of dried and green fruits were never lower than at present. They can hardly be given away. —— Jeff. Alexander, an aged colored man of Traphill township, is now boarding with Jailor Crysel. For several years he "spounded the Gospel," but got to manufacturing "liver regulator" contrary to Uncle Sam's orders.

— Newbern *Journal*: Yesterday Mr. Henry A. Jarman, of Jacksonville, arrested Ed Mumford, colored, for the theft of a watch about two or three weeks before from the store of G. W. Taylor of that place. When arrested he was wearing a watch chain, but had only a bunch of keys attached to it. The watch was in his pants pocket. He resisted the arrest and search.

— Rocky Mount *Phanix*: We regret to note the death of Mr. Thomas B. Taylor, which sad event occurred at Littleton last Saturday, August 24th, after a short illness. —— In 1866 and up to 1874 one twelve acre piece of land in Edgecombe county made 31 bales of cotton and was the brag plot of North Carolina. Now, in this year of 1895, comes the fact that in Franklin county, that never claimed to be a cotton section makes 24 bales of 450 pounds each on 12 acres.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Abram Williams, colored, aged about 35, is something of a wonder. He lives in McDaniel's township and is perfectly blind, yet he is industrious and asks alms of nobody. He earns an average of 45 cents a day and lives better than a good many of his fellow citizens who have two good eyes. He cuts wood with an axe and makes tar kilns. He recently made a tar kiln that yielded him twenty barrels, and did all the work himself except haul the wood. The work he does is regarded as wonderful, considering the fact that he is as blind as a bat.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Rhodes Holloman, colored, was before Justice Swaringen, Saturday, charged with burglariously entering the residence of Mr. Ezekiel H. Parker, in Brogden township, Wednesday night and stealing from the pockets of his pants, which were hanging on the bedstead, at his head, a $10 bill. This being a capital offence, he was committed to jail without the privilege of bail. ——A negro named Chas. Purvis attempted a criminal assault upon Mrs. William Blizzard, in the southern portion of Saulston township, Friday afternoon, while her husband was absent. The woman fought desperately and finally the negro desisted. Our informant tells us that the husband met the negro after being informed by his wife, but allowed him to get away without doing him bodily harm.

TWINKLINGS.

— Inquiring Friend—But after the ruffians had knocked you down and while they were going through your pockets, why didn't you cry out?

College Freshman—I thought it was a lot of Sophs hazing me.—*Brandon Bucksaw.*

— "Yes, sah," said the barber as he played a reveille on the strop with his razor blade, "some babbahs may be jus' as good as othehs, only they don't suit some men. You see it's a question of pussonal magnitude; a babbah may not be of the right temperature to suit a customer."—*Life.*

— Friend—Given up housekeeping and gone to a hotel, eh? How do you like hotel life?

McTiff—Firstrate. Never was so happy in my life.

"Indeed! And how does your wife like it?"

"First-class."

"Where are you staying?"

"I'm at the St. Charles and she's at the St. James."—*New York Weekly.*

— First Villager—How do you like your new neighbor?

Second Villager—Can't tell yet whether I like him or hate him.

"Why so?"

"The first thing he did was to put up a high board fence, and I haven't been able to discover why he does it is to keep his chickens in or my chickens out."—*New York Weekly.*

One Thing is Certain

There is no better cure in existence for Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, than Pain-Killer. Good for all pains, aches and soreness, internal or external. One good trial will convince you that

PAIN-KILLER Kills Pain

You can get it anywhere at 25c a bottle (double the former quantity). See that the bottle bears the name Perry Davis & Son. No other is genuine.

June 8 3dt sa we fr

A DRIVE THROUGH PROVENCE.

Plane Trees and Poplars Picturesquely Frame the Roads.

In The Century, Thomas A. Janvier describes a notable performance he witnessed given by the Comedie Francaise in the old Roman theater at Orange. Mr. Janvier gives the following description of a drive through Provence:

It was 5 in the afternoon when we got away from Avignon. A mistral, the winter bane and summer blessing of Provence, was blowing briskly; the sun was shining; the crowded Cours de la Republique was gay with flags and banners and streamers and with festoons of colored lanterns, which later would be festoons of colored fire. We passed between the towers of the gateway, left ramparts behind us and went onward over the perfect road. Plane trees arched above us. On each side of the road were little villas deep set in gardens and bearing upon their stone gateposts the names of saints. As we increased our distance from the city we came to market gardens and then to vineyards, olive orchards, farms. Rows of bright green poplars and of dark green cypress, set up as shields against the mistral, made formal lines across the landscape from east to west. The hedges on the lee side of the road were white with dust—a laclike effect, curious and beautiful. Above them and between the trees we caught glimpses of Mont Ventoux, already beginning to glow like a great opal in the nearly level sun rays. Old women and children stood in the gateways staring wonderingly at the long procession of vehicles of which our carriage was a part, all obviously filled with pleasure seekers and all inexplicable. Pretty girls, without stopping to wonder, accepted with satisfaction so joyous an outburst of merrymaking and unhesitatingly gave us their smiles.

We crossed the little river Ouveze, and as we mounted from it to the northward the tower of the ruined Chateau-neuf du Pape came into view. A new key was struck in the landscape. The broad, white road ran through a brown solitude—a level upland broken into fields of sun browned stubble and of gray brown olive orchards, and then farther on through a high, desolate plain tufted with sagebrush, whence we had outlook to wide horizons far away. Off to the eastward, cutting against the darkening sky, was the curious row of sharp peaks called the Rat's Teeth. All the range of the Alpilles was taking on a deeper gray. Purple undertones were beginning to soften the opalescent fire of Mont Ventoux.

Presently the road dipped over the edge of the plain and began a descent in a perfectly straight line, but by a very easy grade, of more than a mile. Here were rows of plane trees again, which, being of no great age and not meeting over the road, were most noticeable as emphasizing the perspective. And from the crest of this acclivity, down the long dip in the land, at the end of the gloom of gray white road lying shadowy between the perspective lines of trees, we saw rising in somber mass against the purple haze of sunset, dominating the little city nestled at its base and even dwarfing the mountain at its back, the huge fabric of the theater.

How Victoria Dines.

Queen Victoria is rather simple in her tastes, as a rule. For instance, a kind of natural soup very often finds its way on to the menu. The wine served with it is white sherry, which her majesty generally drinks from a beautiful gold cup formerly belonging to Queen Anne. Boiled beef and pickled cucumbers—a favorite dish with Prince Albert—invariably follow the soup, while a baron of beef is likewise a constant feature. It is noteworthy that the queen still adheres to the old practice of having the cook's name called out as each dish is brought to the table. This custom dates back to the days of George II and had its origin in a conspiracy against one Weston, formerly an assistant, whom the king had raised to the dignity of chief "mouth cook." His late comrades, jealous of his preferment, endeavored to disgrace him by tampering with the dishes. Upon Weston proving the existence of this plot to his royal master the latter gave orders that in future as each dish was brought on the name of its cook should be called out in order that praise or blame might be bestowed where due.

Mean.

Julia—Do you consider Mr. Nippy a mean man?

Nellie—Mean? Not only mean, but cowardly. Why, he never will take a seat in a street car for fear he will have to give it up to some woman.—Boston Transcript.

Vandyke, the refined painter of elegant portraits, had the aspect of a dandy. He wore his hair curled on his forehead, and a pointed beard, of which he was quite vain.

Many colored ribbons were worn on the hair of ladies from 1426 to 1500.

OLD BOSTON RECORD.

MINUTES OF THE MEETINGS OF THE TOWN FATHERS.

Names Familiar to Every American—The Common Was Then, as Now, a Source of Anxiety—Cows Pastured on It—Rules For Faneuil Hall Market.

The ancient record library has been enlarged by the addition of the twenty-fifth report of the record commissioners, which contains the proceedings of the Boston selectmen from May 20, 1776, to Dec. 27, 1786, covering the period of the Revolution.

City Registrar Whitmore explains that "there are no entries on the selectmen's minutes from April 19, 1775, to May 20, 1776, the control of affairs, of course, being in the hands of the British general. On March 13, 1775, the town chose seven selectmen—viz, John Scollay, John Hancock, Timothy Newell, Thomas Marshall, Samuel Austin, Oliver Wendell and John Pitts. The same seven were re-elected March 29, 1776. Contemporaneous papers show that the selectmen were of much service in making representations to the military authorities and as intermediaries in the dealings with the American forces surrounding Boston."

This latest volume contains 877 pages, including 41 pages of index to places, objects and names, and it is bound in black cloth, uniformly with the previously published volumes.

It is interesting to note that the selectmen simply recorded the Declaration of Independence in this brief and terse style:

"July 4, 1776. The united American Colonies are declared to be Free and independent States, by the United States of America in General Congress assembled at Philadelphia."

In those days the town fathers, as do now their children, the city fathers, visited Deer and Rainsford islands and also Apple island, on which were located smallpox hospitals at different times.

Deer island in 1778 was leased to Joseph and Moses Voso of Millbury at a rental of £150 per annum, but two years later one Andrew Tukesbury leased it for £50. In 1780 the barracks on Long Island were moved to Rainsford island.

The Common, it seems, was in those days a source of anxiety equally as it is today. To be sure, cows were pastured on it, but on July 12, 1786, the selectmen empowered Mr. George Hamlin Hayward to collect of such persons as had cows going at large on the Common $1 for each cow, etc., and he was also empowered to take care that no damage was done the "trees."

In the summer of 1777 complaints were made by citizens that chaises, carts and other carriages were frequently crossing the Common "to the detriment of the land and diminishing of the feed."

The selectmen rose to the occasion and informed "Thomas Crafts, Esqr.," they would "esteem it a favor, and that he would be serving the town if he would use his endeavors to prevent loaded carriages passing in future."

Later on provision was made for running a fence from the South burying ground to prevent carriages, etc., from crossing the Common.

Still later, in 1783, action was taken for the making of such addition to the fence as to prevent carriages passing over the Common, and the town clerk was directed "to publish an advertisement to prevent persons going over the Common with carriages."

The citizens two years afterward, in 1785, again moved against encroachment on the Common, so the selectmen appointed a committee "to view the Common and report what further fencing may be necessary for the better security of the same."

"His Excellency John Hancock, Esq.," upon his own application for liberty "to break ground near his Seat for the pulling up of old Trees and putting down others in their room," was granted his request, and a committee was appointed "to view the Bank near his House."

The trees now on the Common opposite the Brewer brownstone mansion are said to be some of those set out by Governor Hancock under this "liberty."

This was in 1780, and in 1784 Dr. Smith and others were accorded a like liberty to plant on the Common "another Row of Trees."

At another date Dr. Price was appointed to confer with Dr. Warren relative to encroachment made on the Common by those who had buried the persons dying in the Continental hospital.

The ancient minutes in relation to Faneuil Hall market are especially interesting. The regulations were more stringent in some particulars than are those of today. When Mr. Lindsey G. Wallace was appointed to the care of the stalls in and out of the market, the selectmen impressed upon him the duty "to see that the butchers who hire them strictly comply with the orders of the town. Our directions to you are that, conformable to said orders, you see that they do not let their stalls to any one without the consent of the selectmen, and that they bring and offer to sale to its inhabitants all hides, skins and tallow of all such creatures as they shall kill while they hold the same, and bring to the market for sale, and that they constantly keep said stalls clean, and do not pack any meat in the market or suffer any to be left in it at the shutting up of the market," etc.

The hall over the market was used on election days for the drawing of the state lottery, and also the mill lottery, for public dinners, lectures, for disposal of quarterly charities, etc.

The purchase of a suitable bell to be hung in the cupola was authorized on July 26, 1786.—Boston Herald.

The Umbrella.

An American, after lengthened study of the subject, gives the following definition of the language of the umbrella: "To place one in a rack at a club indicates that it will shortly change owners; if a cotton one be substituted for a silk, it means that 'exchange is no robbery.' A man getting all the raindrops from the points of the umbrella which he holds over a lady signifies courtship, but when a man keeps the lion's share of the article, giving the lady the raindrops, it denotes marriage. To carry an umbrella under the arm at an angle implies that the individual following will lose an eye, while to hold it just high enough to injure passers' eyes and men's hats signifies 'I am a woman.' Lastly, the loan of an umbrella is synonymous with an act of egregious folly."

Part of the Scheme.

Stout Gentleman—Spare diet, long walks, etc. I could have managed all that without coming to this expensive watering place.

Doctor—Yes, but you forget the annoyance occasioned by the high prices, which of itself will go a long way toward reducing your weight.—Peekskill Home Journal.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve a poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM High Grade Tobacco AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

A Colored Women's Convention.

The Colored Woman's club will hold a convention in Boston during the month of August. The intelligent colored women of this country will be in attendance, and such important questions as the prevailing popularity of the lynch law and the general progress of their race will be the subjects under discussion. I understand that the methods of white women's councils have been silently condemned by the leaders among the colored women, and in the coming convention, the first of the kind that has ever been held, there will be an effort made to improve on white women's councils, and an attempt at originality and method.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Summer Girl's Complexion.

A delightful and simple and soothing lotion for the skin is witch hazel and cold cream, and as the summer girl's complexion must be as soft and clear as her skill at athletic sports, she should carry some of the cream in a dainty china box when she goes away. One ounce each white wax and spermaceti and quarter pint of oil of almonds. Melt, pour the mixture into a marble mortar which has been heated by being immersed for some time in boiling water; add very gradually 8 ounces of rosewater and an ounce of witch hazel, and assiduously stir the mixture until an emulsion is formed, and afterward until the mixture is nearly cold.

An Apt Inscription.

On the front of an old house known by the curious name of "Wise in Time," at Stoke Bishop, near Bristol, and which in years past had the reputation of being haunted, were these words inscribed in Latin, "As the body is to the mind so is the house to the body," and upon each plaster of the porch of West Harptree manor house, Somersetshire, is this singular inscription, "Altogether vanity." This house and estate, now belonging to the duchy of Cornwall, was probably the residence of Ralph Buckland, the famous Puritan in the time of James I who left behind him the reputation of having been "a parson who went beyond all of his time for fervent devotion."—London Standard.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½@	8½
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@ 1 15	
New New York, each	1 35 @ 1 40	
New City, each	@ 1 40	
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @ 7 00	
Northern	9 00 @ 14 00	
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	60 @	53
Virginia Meal	@	65
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	75
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	9 @	10
COFFEE—₩ lb	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	21
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	7½@	[6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	25
EGGS—₩ dozen	@	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	@	4 00
Straight	@	3 75
Fine Patent	@	4 50
GLUE—₩ lb—	7½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	40
Cow Peas	@	85
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	46
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@ 1	00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2¼
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	6½@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@ 1	25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	16 00 @	20 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" " in bbls	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	18
Syrup, in bbls	15 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg. Cut, 60d base	@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Rump	@	13 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT ₩ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	55
Lisbon	@	
American	@	55
on 125 ₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Sap	4 00 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd	4½@	4¾
Standard A	@	4¼
White Ex. C	@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	@	4¼
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	5
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	1
North Carolina	1 00 @	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	18
Clear of burr	12½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market dull at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 85 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 80 for Virgin.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	5¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6¾ " "
Low Middling	7 1-16 " "
Middling	7¼ " "
Good Middling	7 15-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	3 bales
Spirits Turpentine	234 casks
Rosin	1,480 bbls
Tar	892 bbls
Crude Turpentine	44 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1 per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 488¾@489 for sixty days and 489¾@490 for demand. Commercial bills 487¾@488¾. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113⅝; United States twos 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 102½; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 29—Evening Cotton steady; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 3 16c.

Cotton futures closed steady, with sales 349,900 bales; August 7 95, September 7 95, October 8 04, November 8 09, December 8 16, January 8 22, February 8 27, March 8 31.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 731 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 16 bales; forwarded 154 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 359 bales; stock (actual) 161,628 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 709 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 16 bales; stock 286,955 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,808 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,698 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 1,205 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,920,866 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,440,752 bales; exports to France 775,370 bales; exports to the Continent 3,425,660 bales.

NEW YORK, Aug 29—Evening.—Flour—the market was dull and weak, with free offerings; winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 60; fair to fancy $2 75@3 25; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $3 65@3 90; patents $3 90@4 00; low extra $2 15@2 60; city mills $3 90@4 15; do patents ——. Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 00. Wheat fairly active and firmer with options; No 2 red in store and at elevator 66c; afloat 67c; options were fairly active and irregular, closing firm at-1⅛@⅛c advance; No. 3 red August 66c; September 66¼; October 66⅝c; December 68⅜c; May 73¾c. Corndull and easier; No. 2 at elevator 42¾c; afloat 43½c; options were dull but firm at ¼@⅝c advance, following wheat and the West, with local shorts covering; September and October were most active; September 41⅝c; October 41⅜c; May 36½c. Oats dull but steady; options dull and firmer; August 24½c; September 23⅝c; October 23½c; December 25½c; spot prices—No. 2 24@24½c; No. 2 white 27c; mixed Western 24@26c. Hay was steady, with a moderate demand; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 80@90. Wool quiet and steady; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34c. Hops quiet and weak, State common to choice 3@7c; do new 8@10c; Pacific coast 4@7c; London market unchanged. Beef quiet, family $9 00@12 00, extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams dull and easy at $15 50@16 00; tierced beef firm; demand fair; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats dull but ste

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
1057 3d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete
without an ideal

COMPLEXION
POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Worms,
Stings,	Backache,	Swinney,
Bites,	Galls,	Saddle Galls,
Bruises,	Sores,	Piles.
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House, 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

DOWN WITH THE FLAG.

When the British left our shores at the close of the Revolution, they left flying one royal flag which, as they had nailed it to the flagpole, they fondly hoped would continue to kiss the breezes for some time to come.

Sir Guy Carleton had set apart a day for the evacuation of New York, and it fell on the 25th of November. The Americans, led by some of their famous officers, were ready to march in and take possession of New York the moment the last redcoat had vanished, and on the 25th there was a great deal of excitement which could not be wholly subdued.

At the foot of famous Broadway stood Fort George, named for the British king, and from its tall staff floated the flag which the enemy had left behind.

It flapped in the breeze of that November day in a manner quite distasteful to the Americans who had soon it waving there for almost seven years.

It must come down, but how? The patriots did not want to destroy the tall flag staff, for they wished to hoist upon it another flag which should represent the newest republic on the face of the globe, and so they gathered about the staff as they suggested means for lowering the British flag.

The English vessels were vanishing down the narrows, and their white sails would soon disappear, but there in the wind waved the flag they had left behind, bidding defiance to their conquerors, and saying in mute language that, though the colonies were free, the emblem of a king still remained to disturb them.

"I believe I could climb that pole," said a boy who stood looking at the flag.

An American officer, overhearing these words, turned and gave him a look of astonishment.

"You do?" said the officer. "Do you really think you could climb that flagstaff and tear the banner loose?"

"I could try anyhow."

"Here, sergeant, take this boy over to General Knox and let him tell him what he thinks he can do."

The sergeant took Johnny Van Arsdall to the general's headquarters and saluted.

"This boy says he can climb the flagstaff and remove the British flag."

The kind face of Knox was illumined by a smile. He looked the boy over from head to foot and said:

"You look agile, boy. You have climbed before, have you?"

"Yes, sir," replied Johnny, blushing. "If you would let me try to take the flag down, I would do my best."

"You shall try, and you look capable of doing it," and with another salute the sergeant withdrew and marched the delighted boy back to the parade ground.

The crowd gathered about the flagstaff looked at the boy and soon understood what was up. A great many of them knew him, and not a few knew how agile he was.

Not only had the departing British nailed their flag to the pole, but they had knocked off the cleats and greased the staff so as to make it hard to climb.

Johnny Van Arsdale went to work. He had brought with him a lot of sand, and by nailing back the cleats and applying the sand to the slick pole he managed to climb up hand over hand amid the cheers of the people.

As he neared the top of the tall flag pole a strange hush seemed to fall over the crowd below. It was expectation not altogether unmingled with fear.

There were those who feared that even should he reach the top his hands would not be strong enough to tear the flag loose, but the little patriot persevered until he could touch the ensign.

"Look, he is up now," said a voice far beneath him. "He has caught hold of the flag. He is tearing it loose! There, see how it yields! He will accoinplish his purpose!"

He worked with a will, watched all the time by those on the ground, and when they saw that he had wrapped the standard around his body and had started upon his descent, a great cheer arose from every throat.

Louder than ever was the cheer that rent the air when the triumphant boy reached the ground and unwrapped from his body the wind torn banner which he had secured.

"I told the general I thought I could bring it down," he said to the officer who stepped forward to take the captured banner.

In another moment he was hemmed in by a wildly shouting crowd, and strongmen took him upon their shoulders and carried him in ecstasy across the parade ground.

In a little while another flag floated from the flagstaff of Fort George, but it was not the standard of the king. It was the stars and stripes of the young nation which had secured its right to have a flag by seven years of war.

And while it floated there the last British vessel vanished, and New York held no soldiers but those who would henceforth occupy it.

Johnny Van Arsdale lived a good many years after his daring act in lowering the last British flag, and more than once he was compelled to relate to groups of children how he took it down from its lofty height and saw the banner of freedom take its place.—Boston Globe.

The Manuscript Reader on a Newspaper.

Next to the exchange reader in the newspaper organization comes the man whose duty it is to receive manuscripts and examine them and prepare them for the press, to edit them, correct them, where the writer has made a little slip of rhetoric, to put the right word in or the right turn of the phrase, to clarify it all, to make the sentences clean. That is a hard job in the writing of a great many persons. Their interject; they put subsentences in parentheses. They do not begin and say the thing in its exact order, taking first the man and then what he did, and where he went, but they mix it up and complicate it. The editor who examines the manuscripts has got to go through all these things and straighten them out and disentangle the facts that the writer has twisted up. And then he must correct the punctuation, mark the paragraphs where one idea is finished and a new idea begins.

He also receives the correspondence. Letters from all over the world go into his hands. You will get a letter from Madagascar perhaps. Ought it to be published? There is a lot of news in it perhaps that is of no interest in New York or in Schenectady. He has got to determine whether it is worth while to put that in or to leave it out, although you may have to pay for it and not use it. Masses of matter are paid for in a large newspaper office that are never used. So, you see, he is a very important functionary, and it requires a great deal of knowledge, a great deal of judgment, a great deal of literary cultivation, to be able to fill that position.—Charles A. Dana in McClure's Magazine.

A Hint About Garnishing Dishes.

The garnishing of a dish has a good deal to do with its appetizing appearance, but there is one hint which it would be well for all cooks to bear in mind—no dish should look as if it had been fingered. The idea is repugnant to a nice taste and takes away more than any added prettiness could compensate for. What can be put to the dish in question that may look as if it were carelessly and easily done is one thing. It is quite another if the result has the appearance of having been handled much.

A Riot of Colors.

A letter received from Paris says that never in our generation have such vivid colors been seen in outdoor wear. Pinks, blues and greens, with the brightest of reds and violets, are to be seen on all sides. Nothing approaching the present vulgarity has been seen since 1866. The parasol, which is now an important accessory to a lady's toilet, is of immense size, and red, violet, blue—all colors, in fact. Cornflower blue, however, is the greatest rage just now for hats, and the rage is increasing. The fashions of the Louis XVI period are reviving.

DROWNING SUPERSTITIONS.

Different Modes of Recovering Bodies From Their Watery Graves.

The people of every country on the globe have their peculiar superstitions and fancies in regard to saving or attempting to save drowning persons, and also concerning the recovery of the bodies of those who have met death in that manner. In all parts of Europe, but most especially in England, Spain and Italy, it is the prevalent belief that the person who attempts to save one that is drowning is either a madman or a fool, because, so they say, the person so saved is sure to wreck the happiness of his rescuer as soon after as opportunity affords. This superstition has been traced back to the dark ages and is believed to have been inherited from prehistoric times. The first explorers among the Indians of the west, especially the Sioux, as well as in Australia, Alaska and Greenland, found traces of the same curious notions existing. In Russia the same superstition prevails, as any one may prove who will read Barry's book entitled "Ivan at Home."

As noted above, the superstitious people of all countries also have their different modes of recovering the bodies of those who have been drowned. Sir James Alexander, in a work on the Indians of Canada, says: "The Indians imagine that in the case of a drowned body its place may be discovered by floating a chip of cedar wood, which will stop and turn round over the exact spot. An instance occurred within my own knowledge, in the case of Mr. Lavery of Kingston Mills, who was drowned near Cedar island, nor could his body be recovered until this experiment was resorted to."

The Mandan Indians use two different articles for this purpose—buffalo "chips" or some article of clothing belonging to the deceased. The half civilized tribes of the southwest nearly all use little wickerwork baskets called by a name signifying "wet pans," the idea in these last mentioned cases being that neither the buffalo "chips," garment nor basket will become sufficiently water soaked to sink until it arrives at the spot exactly over the body of the drowned.

In all European countries and in the United States the favorite talisman appears to be a loaf of bread. In England the loaf is weighted with quicksilver, and in France it is started on its journey in quest of the dead with a lighted taper affixed in the top crust. Objects used for this purpose differ widely in the different countries or even in widely separated communities. In Japan they use a bundle of straw, in Java a live sheep, in South Africa the dried tail of a bullock and in Australia a snake's skin.—St. Louis Republic.

Historic Trophies.

Arranged in a semicircle around the flagstaff at the Watervliet arsenal are 76 pieces of ordnance captured at different times by the United States from the British during the Revolutionary war. Strange as it may seem, no record of their capture has been kept by the government. Many of these trophies are of peculiar construction and would compare very unfavorably with the field guns made in the arsenal gunshops at the present time. Through exposure to the elements many of the guns have become bright green in color. Eight of them are known to have been captured at Saratoga in 1777. There is one 24 pounder howitzer with these marks on the chase: "Surrendered by the convention of Saratoga, Oct. 17, 1777. A. Schatch Facit, 1748." This gun is embellished with two crowns and the monogram "G. R."

There is a 12 pounder with marks on the chase similar to the gun described. On the breech are the words, "Honi soit qui mal y pense," "Dieu et mon droit." It has dragon handles and is embellished with crown, rampant lion and arms of Great Britain. The third cannon is a 12 pounder made in 1760. There is a 12 pounder with the inscription: "The Right Honorable Lord George Sackville, Lt. General, and the rest of the principal officers of Her Majesty's ordnance. Surrendered by the convention of Saratoga, October 17, 1777." Its date of manufacture is 1759. Another 12 pounder was made in 1760. An 8 inch howitzer bears the date of 1758. An 8 inch mortar is among the trophies, it having been made in 1758. A 24 pounder Coehorn mortar is another of the collection.—Troy Press.

Justice to Come.

Lord Cockburn, though a successful defender of prisoners, failed on one occasion to get an acquittal for a murderer. "The culprit," Mr. Croak James tells us in his "Curiosities of Law and Lawyers," "after the sentence fixing his execution for the 20th day of the month had not been removed from the dock when his counsel passed him and was then seized by the gown. The prisoner said, 'I have not got justice, Mr. Cockburn,' to which the counsel gravely replied, 'Perhaps not, but you'll get it on the 20th.'"

Be Cooks First.

Kate Field, the clever writer, addressed some remarks not long ago to a girl graduate, which are especially timely at this season. To be sure, they are to be taken with a grain of salt, but they are none the less valuable and suggestive:

Dear graduates, cooking is the alphabet of your happiness. I do not hesitate to affirm that this republic, great as her necessities are in many directions, needs cooks more than all else. The salvation of the national stomach depends upon them. We are a nation of dyspeptics, and Americans are dyspeptics because they eat the wrong foods badly cooked, which they drown in ice water. They are dyspeptics because our women don't know the rudiments of their business and resign their kitchens into the hands of incompetent servants, of whom they are afraid, and whose impudence they frequently endure through sheer helplessness. Be cooks first and anything you please afterward. On you posterity waits.

The Knickerbocker Cycling club of Chicago have adopted divided skirts and make excursions from their clubhouse in the novel costume.

The New York senate confirmed the appointment of Miss Anthony as one of the trustees of the state industrial school at Rochester.

The Standard, the new Boston daily paper, is out for woman's suffrage.

THE SHERIFF'S IMPULSE.

It Was Prompted by Chivalry, but There Was No Reciprocity.

It was a dull day, even for Alexandria. A chill wind, rustling the dead leaves, twirled in the open doorway and about the reluctant form of the little deputy sheriff.

"I called, Miss ——," he begun.

"I understand," the young girl interrupted quietly. "Come in." And she closed the door.

Nervously clutching his hat, he followed her into the parlor.

"Nothing is exempt," she continued as she pushed aside the faded silk curtains to admit the waning daylight, "but this vase," pointing to a bit of porcelain on a table near by, "the last of my mother's wedding gifts." With the conscious expression of a recognized villain he further itemized on a shabby tablet all other visible flotsam of a past luxury.

"If you'll do the other rooms, miss," he suggested deprecatingly, "then nobody needn't be disturbed."

"Thank you," she assented, and grateful tears filled her eyes as she took the list from his hands.

"'Tain't the law," he reflected when she had gone, "but it cert'n'ly ain't no great sin." Twice he had done this errand of justice, and his respectful pity for the girl and her people knew no bounds. Now as he sat there alone, smoothing the band of his hat, his naturally sluggish brain was active with sympathy. Suddenly his sparse little figure grew expansive and alert, animated by a chivalrous impulse such as prompted Raleigh to cast his cloak under the queen's feet. He would make a clear path for her and hers across this mire of debt and poverty.

"Everything is there," she said, returning and handing him the tablet. "You are very thoughtful and kind."

"I hope, miss, things can be fixed," he ventured, "as they was before?"

"Impossible," she replied, growing pale. Her troubled face made his heart ache.

"I'm going to quit this sorry trade," he burst out. "I on'y done it this awhile 'cause I had to get a livin; but," brightening visibly, "my aunt at Blue Ridge depo' she died las' week, an she lef' farm an cattle an money all to me."

"That is good," interposed the girl, gathering courage from his tone.

"Maybe you'll be mad, miss," he went on, "but I wish mightily you all could share this win'fall of mine. There's your maw," eagerly. "She'd be like another lady in the mountain air, with fresh milk, an eggs an ridin round, an your paw, he could rest up, an maybe take heart, for a new scheme, if—if"—with a gasp—"you'd on'y marry me."

Astonishment, indignation, amusement, in turn overwhelmed her. "I cannot do that," she answered, quickly flushing, "but you are very good to think of us."

"I meant no harm, miss," he muttered, and hurriedly departed.

"What a fool," he commented once outside, "to go an forget the difference, just because I wanted to help her!"

"What a situation!" mused the girl as the hall door closed abruptly. "Fancy the little sheriff, out of sheer good heartedness, wanting to levy on my existence."—Washington News.

They Don't Look Dowdy.

The newspaper woman perhaps has had more than her share of unjust criticism in regard to her personal appearance. She has been represented usually as being somewhat like Peggotty in regard to buttons as well as heedless as to boots and careless in regard to gloves, with hieroglyphics on her cuffs. There is no profession which offers so many difficulties in the way of keeping spick and span, for there is constant danger of entangling boot heels in unloosened dress bindings and facings on account of the haste which forbids the taking of "the stitch in time," but it is to the credit of women who are obliged to work from 10 to 15 hours a day that the majority of them pass among their sisters of leisure at receptions and teas without being conspicuous for careless attire.

A small coterie of newspaper women have solved the problem of preserving a neat and well dressed appearance at small expenditure by employing a gentlewoman in reduced circumstances to take charge of their wardrobes. The woman in question is an excellent seamstress and of refined tastes. She goes to their rooms, looks over every article of clothing, puts on bindings, buttons and braids, sews up rents and keeps everything in order and charges 20 cents an hour for this work. In this way gowns may see hard service and still present a creditable appearance.—Exchange.

University Degrees For Women.

Her majesty the queen having granted an amended charter to the University of Durham, whereby all its degrees henceforth, with the exception of divinity, will be open to women, all interested in the movement for the higher education of women will unite with us in congratulating the senate. We are pleased also to state that it is also about to establish a new degree in letters, with the title B. Litt., which will be of especial value to those whose tastes do not incline to science or medicine. We understand that a specially reduced composition fee, for all the instruction for a whole year in the subjects necessary to this degree, amounting to about only £15, has been arranged, and this, together with the reasonable rates of the women's hall of residence, will place this degree within the reach of all and at less cost than the ordinary boarding school charges. We would specially commend this to the notice of those who intend to qualify themselves for the profession of teaching.

The Durham College of Medicine as well as the College of Science is situated for convenience in Newcastle-on-Tyne, and we are convinced that this new privilege to be accorded to women students will increase their numbers considerably and most heartily congratulate the university upon the acquisition of this amended charter.—London Queen.

Books.

Books, of all things, should be tended by reverent hands, and, to my mind, the perfunctory in things ecclesiastical is hardly more distressing than the service of books as conducted in many great libraries. One feels that the libarrii should be a sacred order, nearly allied to the monastic—refined by varying steps of initiation and certainly celibates. They should give out their books as the priest his sacrament, should wear vestments fit and bear about with them the aura, as of visible ministers of the great spirit of truth and art, in whose temple they serve.

The next step to this ideal ministry is to have our books given out to us by women. Though they may understand them not, they handle them with gentle courtesy and are certainly in every way to be preferred to the youthful, freckled monster, with red spines upon his head and nailed boots, "the work of the cyclops," upon his feet, whose physiognomy is contorted by cinnamon balls at the very moment he carries in his arms some great golden lips or gentle silver tongue. What good, sweet women there are, too, who would bless heaven for the occupation.—Condensed From Le Gallieune's "Book Bills of Narcissus."

This season three is the mystical number. Feathers come in bunches of three, and sometimes there are three shades in the bunch. Flowers are grouped in threes, and the hat often has the brim arranged in three plaits.

FOR

Insect Stings
Sore Eyes
Eruptions
Sore Feet
Soreness
Chafing
Catarrh
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Wilmington Seacoast Railroad
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER JULY 28TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5.00 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT,
aug 8 tf Acting Superintendent.

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R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

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J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

W. N. & W. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND	
No 6	No 8			No 5	No 7
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv..	Mallory street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv..	Surry street...Ar	6 50	A M
11 45	3 47	Lv..	Jacksonville.....Lv	3 30	10 43
12 25	4 30	Lv..	Maysville.....Lv	2 45	10 00
11 45	4 30	Lv..	Pollocksville.....Lv	2 00	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar..	Newbern.....Lv	1 20	9 30
	6 37	Ar..	Morehead City—Lv		8 07
P M	P M				P M

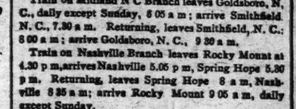
Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.50 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.37 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.36 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 3.27 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 5.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.10 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 3.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.00 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leave Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 20 p m Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6 30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 5.45 p m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, Darlington 6.06 p m, 4.30 p m, 8.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 8 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 1 p m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 3.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.05 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.05 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 6.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.52 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.35 p m, Selma 12.53 p m, arrive Wilson 1.50 p m, 11.25 p m.

Trains Ive Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 6.15 p m, Darlington 7.55 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.50 p m Returning leave Hamlet 6.50 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m, Sumter 9.45 a m, Summerton 10 49 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager,

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 19 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it. and claims that it is uns

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 30, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined three to six points, but recovered this and advanced seventeen to twenty points, closing steady, with sales of 349,900 bales. Liverpool declined one-half to one point, but recovered this and advanced three points, then reacted and closed one-half point higher than at the close yesterday, with the tone feverish. In Manchester yarns were firm but quiet; cloths were quiet. New Orleans declined one point, but recovered this and advanced to twenty points. The port receipts were 709 bales, against 502 this day last week and 3,763 last year. Spot cotton advanced ¼c at New York, Galveston, New Orleans and Charleston, and 1-16c at Memphis and Baltimore. New York sold 352 bales for spinning and New Orleans 650. In Liverpool spot cotton was firm and unchanged, with the sales reduced to 8 000 bales.

To day's features: On the whole the market behaved better than its best friends could have anticipated. It is true that Liverpool was disappointing at first, and that the usual realizing both here and across the water after a sharp advance, caused some depression for a time, but it was merely transient. A wave of buying orders soon floated the price to the high water mark for the season thus far. The Signal Service predicted nothing more than showers in Texas, followed by fair weather and various winds, with high winds on the gulf and the actual rainfall trifling. Liverpool, moreover, soon took an upward course. New Orleans was very strong. There was no pressure to sell here, and heavy buying for both sides of the account soon caused a sharp advance. The Continent was buying and so was the South. Outsiders bought heavily, and so great was the strength of the under current that prices ended at about the highest figures of the day. The advance has been extraordinary, and the trading has reached unusually large proportions, the total for two days being 675,000 bales. Spot cotton continued to rise, the receipts at the ports and the interior towns were still small and, in a word, the bullish factors which have impelled prices upward were still in active operation, and the result was a decided advance. The market seems to have more friends than ever.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES.

New Enterprises Reported Under Way at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 29.—The *Manufacturers' Record*, in its weekly review of Southern business interests, says that one of the best signs of the times is the rapid expansion of steamship service between Southern ports and Europe. During the last few days a number of important announcements have been made for new steamship lines—one from Norfolk to Hamburg, one from Pensacola to Liverpool, one from New Orleans to Colon, and the organization of a company to run regular steamship lines from Galveston to several European ports.

Among other notable events of the week were the sale of 25,000 tons of Alabama iron to Carnegie for steel-making purposes. One steel plant is now under construction in Alabama, part of the material has been ordered for another and the capital is now being raised for building a third; thus indicating that Alabama is soon to take an active position in steel-making.

New cotton enterprises for the week include a $250,000 company to build a mill at Anderson, S. C.; a linen mill at Louisville, Ky.; a cotton mill at Tocoa, Ga.; one at Midville, Ga.; one at Bessemer City, N. C., two cotton compresses in Arkansas; a cotton oil mill in Louisiana; a cotton compress in Mississippi; a $10,000 compress company, a $50,000 compress company and a $10,000 cotton gin company in Texas.

Other enterprises for the week include a $100,000 fertilizer company in Florida; two coal mining companies and a $14,000 water works in Kentucky; $33,000 water works in Tennessee; a $10,000 hay press company in Texas; a $50,000 tobacco company and $50,000 iron works in Virginia, and coal mines and oil companies in West Virginia. In addition to these, there were a number of miscellaneous enterprises established and a number of improvements reported to enterprises now in operation, while several furnaces in the South are getting ready to blow in.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Strong and Higher—Corn Firm—Pork Products Weak and Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—The bulls in wheat had an agreeable surprise this morning, the market opening from ⅛ to ⅜c over yesterday's close. The close was strong at outside prices. December wheat opened at 62⅛@62⅝c, sold between 63⅝@62⅛c, closing at 63⅜—1⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and 1c per bushel higher.

Corn—A firm feeling prevailed in corn early this morning on the enormous withdrawals from store, but prices weakened on heavy short selling by a commission house, but rallied later in sympathy with the strength in wheat. May corn opened at 31⅛@30⅞c, sold between 31⅛, 30⅛@30⅜c, closing at 31c—⅛@⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ⅛c higher.

Oats were steady in sympathy with the strength in corn and wheat. Trading was fairly active, shorts doing considerable covering in September. Receipts were 171 cars. May oats closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ⅛@⅛c higher.

Provisions were weak on rather free liqudating by the longs on lower prices for hogs. Trading continues to consist mainly of changing. At the close September pork was 20c lower; September lard 7½@10c lower and September ribs 10c lower than yesterday. Domestic markets were quiet and easier.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

H. Curns, Merchant, at Charlestown, West Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTOWN, Aug. 29.—H. Curns, general merchant, assigned a few days ago and left for Jackson county. Yesterday he was arrested and brought back on the charge of having forged notes amounting to about $1,000, which he turned over to Schwab, May & Co. and Jelenko & Bro., wholesale merchants here, in payment for goods. The notes bore the name of T. R. Huntley, who refused to pay them and pronounced them forgeries.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Spirits turpentine dull, with light supply; no Southerns here; machines 28c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 60@1 55.

SAVANNAH, August 29.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25½c; sales 200 casks; closed quiet and unchanged, with no sales; receipts 1,585 casks. Rosin firm at a decline of 5c on water white and window glass; sales to-day were 3,500 barrels: A B C $1 10, D $1 25, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 60, K $1 85, M $2 20, N $2 55, window glass $2 58, water white $3 10.

GREAT PACERS RACE.

ROBERT J. THE WINNER AT FLEETWOOD PARK.

Beating Joe Patchen, Gentry and Mascott—The Best Time Ever Made in Harness on the Course.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Twelve thousand persons saw the races between the great pacers at Fleetwood Park to-day. The race is as follows:

First heat: Geers sent Robert J. in the lead, followed by Joe Patchen. At the half at 1.02¼, Robert J. had a lead of two open lengths and was going at ease. Curry called Joe Patchen as they turned for the Point of Rocks in the third quarter and the stallion commenced to cut down Robert J.'s lead. Just as the spectators had climbed upon their seats in expectation of a rattling finish, Joe Patchen made a break, followed instantly by Robert J. near the three-quarter pole. Mascott who was third and in striking distance, shot to the front, opening a gap of five lengths before Robert J. settled and started after him. Andrews tried hard to keep Mascott in front to the wire, but Robert J. came on with a brilliant rush in the home stretch, nailing the ex-champion fifty yards from the wire, beating him easily. Joe Patchen' standstill break left him so far in the rear that Gentry beat him out for third place.

Curry let Joe Patchen rush off his stride in the first furlong of the second heat, and he was laid up after recovering from his break. McHenry was out for it in earnest this time, and Gentry chased the leader, Robert J, down to the half in 1:00¾, showing a length in the rear as they passed that point. The terrific pace slackened as they struck the hill in the next quarter, Gentry not being able to find the limit of Robert J's speed and trailing two lengths back. In this order they came into the home stretch, McHenry making a hurricane drive with the North Carolina horse, but to no purpose, as Robert J, going slightly within himself, finished an open length in front of the whipped-out Gentry-horse. Mascott was third and Joe Patchen a poor fourth. Cheers greeted the announcement of the time, 2:04¼, which beats the best mile ever before made in harness on the Fleetwood course.

In the third heat the quartet went away closely bunched at a record smashing clip, the time to the quarter being 30½ and to the half an even 1.00. Robert J. at the pole, was half a length in front, with Gentry lapped and Joe Patchen's white nose at Gentry's flank, Mascott half a length back under a pull. Turning for the Point of Rocks, Patchen was seen to be gaining steadily but slowly, when all of a sudden the black horse made a tangled break and fell away behind. Gentry, too, faltered, for Patchen had run into his sulky, tearing off the rim of the wheel. From there to the wire it was a stern chase after Robert J, whom Geers had simply to steady and set sail without even coming to a drive. Gentry was fully ten lengths behind at the finish in 2.04¾. Mascott as far back of him, and Joe Patchen just inside of the flag.

The race was a disappointment to horsemen, inasmuch as Joe Patchen never paced a single heat without a break, thus leaving in doubt the question as to whether he could speed with Robert J.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Bond Syndicate Increase the Gold Reserve—The Battleship Texas—Advices from Brazil—Acting Secretary Adee's Conference with the Chinese Minister.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—The Treasury Department is informed that the Belmont-Morgan syndicate to-day deposited $1,500,000 in gold in New York in exchange for greenbacks. This raises the Treasury gold reserve to $101,700,000.

Secretary Lamont to day detached the following officers from duty at colleges and ordered them to report to their proper companies September 1st: First Lieutenant Walter H. Gordon, Eighteenth Infantry, Louisiana University, Baton Rouge, La.; First Lieutenant William G. Elliott, Twelfth Infantry, University of Alabama.

The trial trip of the battleship Texas, the first vessel of the new navy built by the Government, will take place from Hampton Roads about September 5th. The trial will be for the purpose of testing the machinery, which was furnished by private contract.

Senor Salvador de Mendonca, Brazilian Minister to the United States, telegraphs the United Press from Keene Valley, New York, where he is spending the Summer, that he has received advices from his Government confirming the news previously given in these dispatches of the pacification of the State of Rio Grande do Sul, where a revolt has been in progress since the ending of the Mello and Gama Brazilian insurrection.

Acting Secretary Adee, of the State Department, had a long talk to-day with Yang Yu, the Chinese Minister, about the relations of the United States with China growing out of the Kucheng massacre. The Minister came to the Department by appointment at 11 o'clock, accompanied by his two interpreters, Mr. Chung and Mr. Sze, all attired in the silken robes of their station. They were ushered into the diplomatic room, where acting Secretary Adee and assistant Secretary Rockhill joined them. Mr. Rockhill, who speaks Chinese, assisted in interpreting. The conference lasted for an hour and was devoted principally to an exchange of information cabled the State Department and the Minister from Pekin. It was shown conclusively by these messages that the inquiry at Kucheng was proceeding without interruption, and that the Tsung Li Yamen, or Chinese Board of Foreign Affairs, was giving every assistance to facilitate the efforts of the American and British commissioners to get at the facts. There was nothing in any of the cables received to show how many arrests had been made at Kucheng, or the number of convictions secured.

FERTILIZERS' ASSOCIATION.

Representatives of Southern Manufacturing Concerns in Convention at Asheville.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ASHEVILLE, August 29.—Forty representatives of Southern fertilizer manufacturing concerns have been in session here for two days. The last business session will probably close at a late hour to-night. Committees to-day reported on the details of the organization of the Southern Fertilizers' Association and they are being considered to-night by the Convention. The Association will have fifteen directors, who will be elected by the Convention, and they in turn will elect a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer. Members say that there is no intention of raising prices, but that they will try to stop the three-cornered fight heretofore made between the manufacturers, the farmers and the middlemen. The Association will also probably agree to reduce production.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

BOYS BUTCHERED TO FEED BEARS.

Strike of Dundee Jute Workers Spreading—Cholera Rumor—Half of a Town in Russia Burned—Bishop Moore and the Pope.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

EDINBURGH, Aug. 29.—The strike of the Dundee jute workers is still spreading, and 40,000 operatives are now out. The masters have given notice to their striking employes that if they do not return to-morrow the factories will be closed and the lock-out continued indefinitely.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—A dispatch from Moscow says that half the town of Lukhnoff, in the Province of Smolensk, has been burned.

GIBRALTAR, Aug. 29.—The bark Navigatore (Italian), Gamboni, from Savannah February 9th for Odessa, at Genoa July 24th was unable to negotiate bottomry here and her captain sold her cargo upon the authority of the Italian consul. The underwriters are refusing to pay their proportion of the average.

LONDON, August 29.—The *Lancet*, the leading medical journal, commenting upon the *Times'* report that a man had died at Wadsworth from a disease which a post mortem examination indicated was cholera, says there is no proof that the disease was cholera and that there was no trace whatever of bacteria.

ROME, August 29.—Right Rev. John Moore, Bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., had an interview with the Pope to-day. The Pontiff and the Prelate had a protracted conversation, and the Bishop withdrew with the assurance of another audience in the near future.

BUDA PEST, August 29.—Two Ronana trainers and exhibitors of performing bears have been arrested in Debreczin, in the Haiduck district of Hungary, charged with having fed their animals human flesh. In the course of their examination the men admitted that they had killed four boys, cut their bodies into pieces and fed their bears with the flesh. The confession of the prisoners has aroused popular indignation to the highest pitch.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

William Larue Thomas, of Kentucky, Elected Grand Master—Pittsburg Selected as the Place for the Next Conclave.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 29.—The third session of the twenty-sixth triennial conclave of Knights Templar opened at the Masonic Temple this morning. It was decided to vote for Grand Master by roll call, first calling the Grand Encampment and then the States in alphabetical order.

The first ballot was as follows: Whole number 301; necessary for a choice 151. Eminent Sir William Larue Thomas, of Maysville, Ky., 297; Eminent Sir Samuel C. Lawrence, of Boston, 1; Eminent Sir Hugh McCurdy, 2; Eminent Sir R. H. Lloyd, of San Francisco, 1.

Sir Hugh McCurdy, in a complimentary address, announced his successor amid great demonstration of enthusiasm. Sir Knight Thomas replied in a speech expressing his deep sensibility of the honor conferred upon him.

While the ballots for the Deputy Grand Master were being collected the committee on time and place for the next meeting reported in favor of Pittsburg as the place, and recommended the second Tuesday in October, 1898, as the time. The recommendations were unanimously adopted.

The voting for Deputy Grand Master resulted in the election of Eminent Sir Knight Reuben H. Lloyd, now Grand Generalissimo. Sir Knight Lloyd responded in a brief, but earnest speech. Other officers elected before the adjournment were:

Grand Generalissimo—Eminent Sir Henry B. Stoddard, of Texas.

Grand Captain General—Very Eminent Sir George M. Moulton, of Illinois.

Grand Senior Warden—Very Eminent Sir Henry W. Rugg, of Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Grand Junior Warden—Very Eminent Sir Wm. B. Milish, of Ohio.

Adjournment was announced after the vote for Grand Junior Warden.

BROTHERS-IN-LAW FIGHT.

A Sensational Shooting in Atlanta.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, August 29.—A sensational shooting in which W. A. Culver, a well-known contractor, and Dr. I. W. Hood were the principals, occurred at 10.30 this morning on Broad street within a few feet of the spot where Alex. Carr shot and killed Capt. King, just about one year ago. Culver fired three shots at Dr. Hood, two of which hit the mark, one striking him under the shoulder and the other in the right leg just above the knee. The shots were fired while the men were grappling, and Dr. Hood's escape from instant death is considered almost miraculous. As it is, he is not seriously injured.

The men are brothers-in-law. Culver cursed Mrs. Hood. This morning Hood kicked Culver down. Culver hunted him up later and opened fire as soon as he could. Hood grappled with him, and would probably have been killed had not W. H. Alexander, Culver's nephew, hurled the men apart and taken the pistol from Culver. Culver is in jail. He is a much larger man than Hood.

TEN ROUND CONTEST

Between Billy Duke and Frank Wongo—The Fight a Draw.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 29.—Billy Duke and Frank Wongo met in the arena of the Ariel Athletic Club, in this city to-night, to fight a ten-round contest for the light-weight championship of Virginia. The contest was decided a draw by Referee Mark Hughes, of Portsmouth, at the end of the tenth round.

The fight, from start to finish, was a hard one, honors being even except in one round, when the Indian (Wongo) seemed fagged out, and was very likely saved by the gong. Wongo claimed to weigh 136½ pounds, while Duke, who comes from Baltimore, claimed to weigh 138 pounds. Duke's second was Jake Kilrain, and C. B. Kelly served for Wongo.

VIOLENT AERTHQUAKES

Causing Widespread Terror in Mexican Towns.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 29.—Four violent earthquake shocks are reported from Pinotepa and Nacional, in Oaxaca, causing widespread terror. Each shock had a violent effect upon buildings. Walls were rent and roofs caved in. The inhabitants of the stricken towns have taken refuge in the open country in fear of other formidable shocks, as a comparatively slight trembling continues. The severe shocks were preceded by a loud roar, coming from the sea, and it is believed in the stricken locality that a subterranean volcano is on the point of eruption.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

MINISTER RANSOM.

Took the Oath of Office—Will Leave for Mexico in a Week or Two.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Hon. Matt W. Ransom arrived in Washington last night, and bright and early this morning appeared at the State Department, where he took the oath of office before a notary public to enable him to resume the duties of the Mexican mission. Mr. Ransom's suspended salary will be resumed from the date of oath. He will remain in Washington a day or two and then go to North Carolina, whence he will take his departure for Mexico a week or ten days later.

A rumor was current about the Department to-day that Mr. Ransom's physicians had advised him not to return to Mexico, but the Minister himself stated to a reporter that this was untrue. He expected, he said, to go to Mexico this time in far better physical condition than he was last Spring, and that he would experience no ill effects from his stay there. The story probably had its origin in the fact that Dr. Bray, Superintendent of the American Hospital in Mexico, who attended the late Minister Gray in his last illness, and who was also called in by Mr. Ransom, advised the State Department that Mr. Ransom could not stand the climate of that place. Dr. Bibb, surgeon general of the Mexican Central Railway, who also attended the Minister, differed from Dr. Bray, and he told Mr. Ransom that if he would return to the United States and recover his wonted health he could then go to Mexico with as much assurance of maintaining his health as any one.

It was learned to-day that when the question of Mr. Ransom's right to hold the office of Minister to Mexico was raised in the Treasury Department, he at once forwarded his resignation to the President, in order that the latter might not be embarrassed. It is understood both the President and Mr. Ransom believed that the appointment as Minister to Mexico was not completed until the latter accepted the position and qualified, which was not done until after his term as Senator had expired. The fact that Mr. Ransom resigned the office disposes of all speculation regarding the manner of payment of his salary from July 1 to August 24, the date of his re-appointment. It will not be paid at all.

NEGRO CONVENTION.

Called to Meet in Raleigh September 11th to Give Expression to Their Desires.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 29.—A call for a negro State Convention has been issued, the date being September 11th. It says that the negroes have certain things they desire to say to the people of the State generally, along the line of industrial, educational and political welfare, and believe the present to be the most opportune time to give expression to their desires, it being between elections and a time free from political excitement. It is asserted that it will be the most important gathering of negroes that has taken place since their freedom. They desire to say to the politicians of the State what they should do for the negroes, who compose three-fourths of the voting population of the Republican party. The call says, we desire to use that voting intelligently so that the results of our voting may redound in benefit to the whole race, rather than to a few men who attempt to lead our race to get places for themselves. We want a large appropriation for colored schools. We want a colored man appointed or nominated to some office of dignity and honor in the State. We want an equal distribution of the smaller offices among colored and white alike. We realize that if we leave this matter to the average politician we can never get the recognition demanded. Now is the time to speak in no uncertain way, so those who expect our votes will give us consideration. We have been voting thirty years, and although the men we vote for get elected we are not benefitted. The only way of remedying this evil is in union and the expression of the best sentiment of our people in the State.

WILSON S. BISSELL

Offered the Vacant Judgeship on the U. S. Supreme Court Bench.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, August 29.—It was learned late this afternoon, on authority which is regarded as absolutely reliable, that ex-Postmaster General Bissell has been offered the place on the United States Supreme Court bench made vacant by the death of Justice Jackson. The information came from a close friend of Mr. Bissell, in this city, and it is stated that the ex-Postmaster General himself revealed the secret before he left Buffalo early this week.

Mr. Bissell, so it was stated, received a communication direct from Mr. Cleveland making an unconditional proffer of the appointment. The communication further asked Mr. Bissell to come to see him concerning the matter.

Mr. Bissell, it is also stated, declared he would not take the appointment. In giving his reasons for declining the honor he is stated to have said: "I have tried Washington life under favorable circumstances, and I prefer Buffalo. I do not care to return to Washington, and the offer of the Judgeship will not tempt me to do it. I will go to see Mr. Cleveland, but I will not accept the office. I do not want it. I would rather stay in Buffalo." Inquiry at the office of Bissell, Sicard, Bissell & Cary revealed that Mr. Bissell had gone to Marion, on Buzzard's Bay, six miles from Gray Gables, Mr. Cleveland's Summer home.

SILVER DEMOCRATS

Met in Raleigh, But Failed to Name a Man as the North Carolina Member of the National Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 29.—At the silver Democratic conference at Washington recently Ex-Senator Jarvis, Representative John S. Lockhart and Josephus Daniel were requested to suggest the name of a man to act as the North Carolina member of the National committee. To-day these gentlemen met here and held a conference, at which W. C. Dowd, E. C. Smith, W. H. Day, B. C. Beckwith, Wm. Russ, S. A. Ashe, Ashley Horne and N. B. Broughton were present. It was decided not to be expedient to name a committeeman, so no name was suggested.

After this matter had been disposed of the question of endorsing the State silver convention was brought up. Some favored endorsing it, others opposed it, and so nothing whatever was done, as there was no authority to take action.

Representative Lockhart was interviewed and said: "The meeting was not held to discuss the call for a silver convention as made by Ed. Chambers Smith. I had no knowledge that that matter was to be discussed. Speaking for myself, I oppose that silver convention."

Mr. Smith insists that the sentiment of the meeting was favorable to the silver convention.

John H. Yakey, of Virginia, commission merchant, doing business under the firm name of Snouffer & Yakey in Washington, D. D., drowned himself in the Potomac. He left a letter for his wife, stating that this was the only way he saw to escape financial troubles and get out of debt.

A SPECIAL ELECTION.

To be Held in the Tenth Congressional District of Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, August 29.—The State Democratic Executive Committee met to-day in Atlanta, at the call of Chairman Clay, the only matter discussed being the Congressional race now on in the Tenth district. It will be remembered that Major J. C. C. Black sent in his resignation several months ago on being satisfied that more votes had been polled in the district than was warranted by a just count. He did this notwithstanding the fact that he had a majority on the face of returns of 7,000. The Populists renominated Tom Watson and the Democrats nominated Major Black. In the meantime, the Legislature has passed a general State registration law under which all elections are protected by a rigid registration, which regulation did not exist in the last election. The Democratic committee to-day discussed the situation and determined to render all assistance in its power to the re-election of Major Black. The election takes place on the 2nd of October, and the registration closes on the 11th of September. The condition precedent to registration being the payment of taxes, the election will be strictly a fair one, and the better sentiment of the district has determined that it shall be nothing else.

REMARKABLE ADDRESS

Issued to the Democratic Voters of Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, August 29.—The special committee appointed a few days ago by the Democratic State Central Committee to find a way out of the difficulties caused by the declaration of P. W. Hardin, the nominee for Governor, in favor of free coinage, issued a rather remarkable address to-night to the Democratic voters of the State. It is signed by Chas. R. Long, General J. B. Castleman, Urey Woodson and others, and reads as follows:

"In obedience to the resolutions recently adopted by the State Central Committee, the undersigned earnestly appeal to the patriotism, loyalty and devotion of the Democratic party in the interest of good government and the prosperity and welfare of the people of Kentucky to give their united and hearty support to the ticket and platform made by the party at the June Convention held in this city.

"Whatever opinions you may hold on economic questions, whatever difficulties there may exist relative thereto, we earnestly and sincerely ask you to lay them on the altar of the party for its safety and success and unite in one great effort to defeat the Republican party and its nominees."

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 11; Cincinnati 6.
New York—New York 14; Louisville 1.
Boston—Boston 8; Cleveland 4.
Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5; Chicago 2.
Baltimore—Baltimore 0; Pittsburg 1. Game called after first inning on account of wet grounds.
Washington—Washington 9; St. Louis 9. Game called at the end of the sixth inning on account of darkness.
Atlanta—Atlanta 16; Mobile 4. 2nd game—Atlanta 6; Mobile 8.
Nashville—Nashville 15; New Orleans 5.
Petersburg—Petersburg 15; Lynchburg 8.
Richmond—Richmond 0; Roanoke 5.
Norfolk—Norfolk 11; Portsmouth 4.

WARM WIRELETS.

In the trial yesterday between the Defender and Vigilant, Defender won by 18 minutes and 8 seconds.

The German torpedo boat S41 capsized and sank in the North sea yesterday. Thirteen of her crew were drowned.

Mayor John Beckham, who has been in ill health for some months, has tendered his resignation as Mayor of the city of Alexandria, Va.

The American Cup Committee met yesterday afternoon and decided to have the third trial race to-day at 11 a. m., from the Scotland Lightship.

Julius D. Detmers, aged 70 years, committed suicide at his home in Norfolk, Va. He shot himself in the right side of the head with a pistol. Detmers was a native of Germany.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Good furnished room, with board Must be a cool place with modern conveniences. Reference given. Address "Tom," care STAR office. aug 30 1t*

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

Pears—15 barrels more just received, suitable for preserving, etc. Groceries sold at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, Wilmington, N. C. c21

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. aug 27 tf

For Rent—This Store No. 123 South Front street, now occupied by Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st, 1895. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

For Rent—That desirable Dwelling on South Fifth street, between Dock and Orange. All modern improvements. At present occupied by Mr. A. H. Holmes Possession given October 1st. Apply to D'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Inteligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 271 Market street. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Four o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. FREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market Street,

are now making preparation for their

Magnificent Stock

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods.

Their store has been altered, enlarged and greatly improved and many

NEW GOODS

are now in store.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Sanitary Underwear

—AND—

IMPERIAL PAPER PATTERNS.

We cordially invite the public to call on us.

JOHNSON & FORE.

aug 25 tf

A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagle-ship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

Sugar for Silver.

30 bbls. Fine Granulated.
20 bbls. Standard Granulated.
15 bbls. White Extra C.
25 bbls. Golden Extra C.
15 bbls. Brown Sugar.
50 100 lb. bags Sugar.
All orders appreciated by

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
208 North Water Street,
aug 27 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

WORTH

Reading!

DO YOU

imagine a good thing when you see it?

Of course you do! And we are not going to dispute the assertion.

Important

Bulletin!

Did You

consider that $40,000 in Dry Goods are being sacrificed by KATZ & POLVOGT on account of removal sale?

LIMITED!

Don't You

postpone buying, but call at once at 116 Market Street and see the great reductions made.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

aug 12 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

In Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

aug 25 tf

Everybody Who Wears SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Must Be Sold

By September 5th.

What I have left, in the way of

DryGoods

must be sold by the 5th of September, and in order to do this I offer you these goods for less than you can buy them elsewhere, and some of them for a great deal less than they cost me:

Dr. Warner's Health Corsets for 90c, regular price $1.25 each.
Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, old price $1, now 75c each.
The Royal Worcester Corsets, price $1, now 77c each.
Royal Worcester Corsets in the 50c grade, for 37½c each.
One lot of 50c b'ack Corsets at 20c each.
Chemisettes, regular price 25c each, now down to 10c, and they are all new styles.
One lot of Face Veiling at 3c and 10c a yard, the old price was 12½c to 25c a yard.
Skirt Canvas, all linen, 8c a yard, regular price is from 12½c to 15c per yard.
Ladies' Belts, old price 10c, new price 5c each.
One lot of Winter Flannel Dress Goods, regular price from 50c to 60c a yard, now 25c.
One lot of colored Table Covers at 25c each, regular price 50c.
Dress Shields at 5c up, real value from 10c to 15c up.
Dress Braid from 1c a yard to 10c, the old price is 5c to 25c up.
Spool Silk of the best grade for 5c a spool.
Coats' Spool Cotton at 3c. Clark's Spool Cotton at 3 cents.
Ladies' Hose (red) at 3c a pair.
Children's Hose (striped) at 2c a pair.
Hooks and Eyes 1c a paper.
Colored linen Crash at 6c a yard, regular price 10c.
One lot of Lace from ½c to 1½c a yard, the old price was from 5c to 25c.
Silk Ball Knitting at 10c each, regular price everywhere 25c.
One lot of Hand Bags at 15c each, regular price 25c to 50c. Black Dress Goods, Silk Warp Henrietta, 46 inches wide, price now 50c a yard, old price $1.
One piece of Black Camel Hair Serge, 44 inches, at 50c a yard.
Bleach Table Linen, round thread of extra good value, 68 inches wide, and sold for $1.15 a yard, at 69c a yard.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair, regular price 75c, $1 and $1.25.
One piece of red Table Cloth, now 33½c a yard was 50c a yard.
Trunks at cost for cash.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,
aug 25 tf

Beware of Pickpockets.

And high prices, as you know, when you pay the old time merchant 20 and 25 per cent more for your daily needs in Dry Goods and House Furnishing Goods, than you would have to pay at the Spot Cash, One Price, Racket Store. You re being robbed and you are not aware of the fact. We claim to be the leader in Low Prices, Good Goods and Big Values. Let us tell you of a few things that we are trying to push. You need some Matting and Carpet. We have a big lot of it. Short lengths in Matting that run from 2 to 12 yards that we will close for less than cost. Our 10c line at 8c; our 15c line for 11 and 12c; our 20c line for 15c; our 25c line for 18c; these are remnants and short lengths. Our Carpet room is full to the door. Heavy and Thick Cotton Warp at 20 and 23; Hemp Carpet at at 12½c, better at 15 and 20c. A good 2-ply heavy Wool Carpet, good color, at 40c, worth 65c. Our line of Brussels and Moquet are going from 50 to 98c a yard. Carpet paper at 8c a yard. Curtain poles and trimming, with safety pins, at 35c a set. Lace Curtains at 50c a pair. In our Millinery Department we are offering some big values, and here is what they are. 500 ladies fine hats, worth at retail from 25c to $1, now to close at 10c each. A fine line of White Chip Hats at 25 all nicely trimmed; at 50c each with ribbon and bunch of flowers on each Hat. Don't miss this chance.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
aug 28 tf

Schools and Colleges.

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art, specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. ROLAND PARK, near Baltimore, Md.
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VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

57th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course. Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor